

Growth Index

Quarterly Investment Option Update

30 September 2023

Aim and Strategy

The strategy aims to closely match the index returns of the asset classes in which it invests (before fees and taxes). It has a substantial bias towards growth assets (shares and property) and a small exposure to defensive assets (cash and bonds). Exposure to individual asset classes will be attained through the use of low cost, index-focused investment managers. Global shares may be partially or fully hedged back to Australian dollars.

Investment Option Performance

To view the latest investment performances for this product, please visit <u>www.amp.com.au/performance</u>

Investment Option Overview

Investment category	Multi-Sector
Suggested minimum investment timeframe	7 years
Standard Risk Measure	6/High
Investment style	Index
Manager style	Multi-manager

Asset Allocation	Benchmark (%)
Australian Shares	33
Global Shares	39
Property	8
Infrastructure	6
Alternatives	5
Fixed Income	5
Cash	4

Actual Allocation	%
Global Shares	41.65
Australian Shares	33.52
Fixed Income	7.47
Property	7.24
Infrastructure	5.51
Cash	4.60

Fund Performance

The Fund produced a negative return for the September quarter as markets pulled back.

Market Review

The September quarter initially saw global optimism build in investment markets amid an emerging view that a 'soft landing' scenario was starting to play out, reflected by still-falling inflation combined with resilient economic growth and employment numbers, notably in the US. Mid-quarter however, there was a small, but noticeable pull-back in sentiment, as global inflation prints fell - though not by as much as expected, demonstrating some equity markets had become a little ahead of themselves on the likelihood of an early and soft landing.

In the US, annualised inflation for August was shown to be 3.7%, up from 3.2% the previous month, though still in a downtrend from its 9.2% peak of mid-2022. The increase was largely driven by rising energy prices, such as gas and oil, amid production cuts from Russia and Saudi Arabia. Economic growth meanwhile was shown to be at 2.1%, while the unemployment rate ticked up to a still-low 3.8%. Consumer spending was resilient. Outside of economics, immigration policy was in the headlines, amid an influx of arrivals across the southern border. Government shutdown prospects and party leadership for the 2024 election were also widely discussed.

Outlook

In regard to equity markets, economic growth has also slowed, but not yet to deep recessionary levels. For longterm investors, a mild recession shouldn't be a concern, as this is part of the normal economic cycle. While the corporate environment may toughen further, stronger businesses will likely emerge with increased market dominance. Furthermore, share prices tend to lead the economic cycle, rather than be synchronised to it. We believe a diverse basket of businesses bought at reasonable prices, particularly those with strong competitive advantage that generate high amounts of cash from their shareholders' capital, will serve investors well over the long-term.

In relation to bond markets, over the medium-term, movements will likely be driven by the speed of economic slowdown as well as the disinflation process. Yields have spiked significantly recently as markets priced in the prospects of higher-for-longer rates scenario and we believe that bond returns can be improved from here, though this process may be delayed for a few months.

Availability

Product Name	APIR
SignatureSuper	AMP1546AU
SignatureSuper - Allocated Pension	AMP1558AU
SignatureSuper Term Pension	AMP1558AU*

*Closed to new investors

Contact Details

Web: www.amp.com.au

Email: askamp@amp.com.au Phone: 131 267



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